GAYAZA HIGH SCHOOL

S.3 MATH WORKSHEET TWO

ORDER OF OPERATIONS WITH FRACTIONS

(BODMAS)

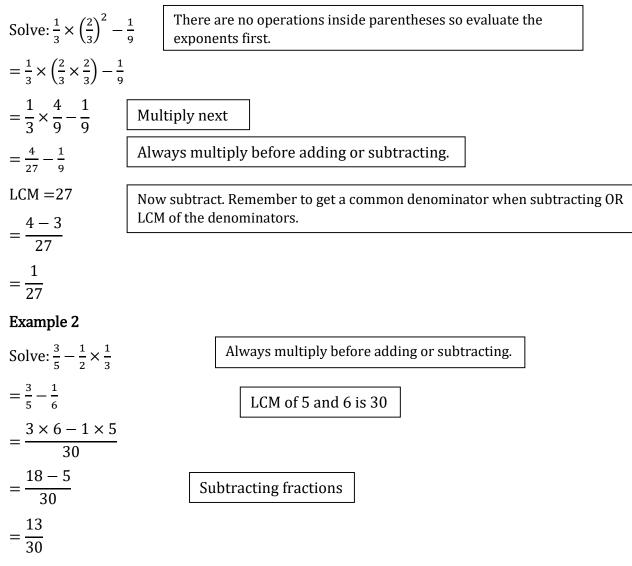
PREREQUISITE KNOWLEDGE

- LCM OR EQUIVALENT FRACTIONS
- ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION OF FRACTIONS
- MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION OF FRACTIONS

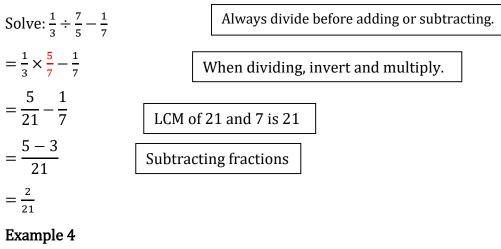
Order of Operations (BODMAS)

- 1. Do all operations inside parentheses (brackets) and other grouping symbols.
- 2. Evaluate orders e.g. exponents, powers, etc. commonly known as "of"
- 3. Multiply and divide from left to right.
- 4. Add and subtract from left to right.

Example 1







Solve:
$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{3} - \left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{3}\right)$$

Perform operations inside parentheses first.

$$= \frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{3} - \left(\frac{3+5}{15}\right)$$
LCM of 5 and 3 is 15

$$= \frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{8}{15}$$
Now add and subtract from left to right.

$$= \frac{3 \times 3 + 2 \times 5 - 8 \times 1}{15}$$
LCM of 5, 3 and 15 is 15

$$= \frac{9 + 10 - 8}{15}$$

$$= \frac{19 - 8}{15}$$

$$= \frac{11}{15}$$
Example 5
Solve: $9 \div \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - 1$
Multiply and divide from left to right.

Solve:
$$9 \div \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - 1$$
 When divide from left to right.

$$= \frac{9}{1} \times \frac{3}{1} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} - 1$$

$$= \frac{27}{1} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} - 1$$

$$= \frac{27}{9} + \frac{1}{2} - 1$$
Add and subtract from left to right.

$$= \frac{27}{9} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{1}$$
LCM of 9 and 2 is 18

$$= \frac{27 \times 2 + 1 \times 9}{18} - \frac{1}{1}$$

$$= \frac{54 + 9 - 18}{18}$$

 $= \frac{45}{18}$ $= 2\frac{9}{18}$ $= 2\frac{1}{2}$

Example 4

Solve:

$$=\frac{\frac{3}{5}+\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{1}{4}\times9\frac{1}{9}}$$

 $= \left(\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{3}\right) \div \left(\frac{1}{4} \times 9\frac{1}{9}\right)$

 $= \left(\frac{9+10}{15}\right) \div \left(\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{82}{9}\right)$

 $=\left(\frac{19}{15}\right)\div\left(\frac{1}{2}\times\frac{41}{9}\right)$

You can first work out the numerator and the denominator separately and then combine them with the division operation.

OR

Always simplify your fractions

Put numerator in brackets and divide with denominator also in brackets, then follow BODMAS

Adding in the $1^{\mbox{\tiny st}}$ brackets and in reducing 82 and 4 by 2 in the $2^{\mbox{\tiny nd}}$ brackets

Reducing 18 and 15 by 3

Multiply the fractions

 $=\frac{19}{15}\div\frac{41}{18}$

 $=\frac{19}{15}\times\frac{18}{41}$

 $=\frac{19}{5} \times \frac{6}{41}$

 $=\frac{1}{205}$

1. Evaluate the following fractions.

(a) $1\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{1}{2} - 1\frac{3}{4}$	(b) $2\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{2}{3} \div 1\frac{5}{6}$
(c) $3\frac{1}{5} of\left(2\frac{1}{2}+7\frac{5}{8}\right)$	(d) $\frac{\frac{3^{1}/_{8}+1^{2}/_{3}}{2/_{3}\times^{5}/_{12}}}{2/_{3}\times^{5}/_{12}}$

